

Computer Systems and Networks

ECPE 170 – Jeff Shafer – University of the Pacific

Version Control

Lab Schedule

- Today
 - **7** Lab 2 − Version Control
- Next Tuesday
 - **尽力** Lab Report for Lab 1 due by 11:59pm
 - Submit via Sakai
 - **7** Lab 3 − C Programming
- Next Thursday
 - **→** Lab Report for Lab 2 due by 11:59pm
 - Submit via Mercurial
 - **▶** Lab 3 − C Programming

Pre-Lab

Any problems encountered creating repository?

Before Version Control

- 1. <Report.doc>
- 2. <Report.doc.bak>
- 3. <Report-1.doc>
- 4. Email off to partner...
- 5. <Report-2.doc>
- 6. Partner responds with doc (that is missing the changes you just made)

- 7. <Report-2a.doc>
- 8. <Report-2a-WITH-REFERENCES.doc>
- Email off to partner...
 Partner responds with new doc
 <Report-3.doc>
- 10. <Report-3-FINAL.doc>
- 11. <Report-3-FINAL-OOPS-FIXED-TYPO-FINAL.doc>

Version Control Features

- Project history tracking
- Concurrent file editing (merges)
- Non-linear program history (branches)
- Naming scheme for program releases (tags)

Motivation for Version Control

- Why would a <u>single programmer</u> (working alone) use version control?
 - Backup files
 - Roll-back to earlier (working) version
 - See changes made between current (broken) code and earlier (working) code
 - Maintain multiple versions of a single product
 - Experiment with a new feature
 - Try a risky change in a "sandbox"
 - If it works, you can merge it into the regular code. If it fails, you can throw it away.

Motivation for Version Control

- Why would a <u>small group of developers</u> use version control?
 - All the reasons a single programmer would, plus...
 - Merging different changes made by different developers into the same file
 - Add a new function at the bottom? Safe to automatically merge in
 - Re-write a function at the same time another developer is also editing it? Version control will catch this and ask you to decide which edits should "win"
 - Blame who wrote this buggy code?!?

Motivation for Version Control

- Why would a <u>large group of developers</u> use version control?
- Different question: Could you develop the Linux kernel, Adobe Photoshop, Google Chrome, etc... using:
 - **➢** A single shared "folder of code"?
 - Emailing code snippets between developers?
 - Everyone sits around and shares one keyboard?

Version Control Basics

- What kind of files should I keep in version control?
 - Program source code (obviously)
 - VHDL / Verilog files (from digital design class)
 - Matlab scripts
 - HTML files
 - Server configuration files
 - Imagine you work at Livermore National Labs, and your job is to manage many clusters of Linux computers...
 - Anything that is plain text!

Version Control Basics



- What kind of files should I not keep in version control?
 - These aren't "rules", so much as "guidelines"...
 - Binary data
 - How do you *merge* two different binary files together? No general-purpose way to do this
 - Anything auto-generated by the compiler
 - Object files or executable file
 - Wastes space on useless junk that can be recreated automatically
 - **7 Text editor temp files (e.g.** main.c~)

Version Control Basics

- **Big risk in putting the executable in version control**
 - If you forget to compile before a commit, the executable may not be in sync with the attached source code!
 - Big headache if you ever roll back to this version!
- In ECPE 170, all our executable files can be produced in under 5 seconds with one command. There's no need to include them in your repository

Distributed Version Control

- Why do they call Mercurial a <u>distributed</u> version control system?
 - Conventional systems (e.g., Subversion) had a centralized server hold the "master" copy
 - Distributed version control − each copy is its own full-fledged master! (But you can still push changes from one person's copy to another)
 - Allows version control to work offline
 - Allows version control to work with ad-hoc groups

Version Control in ECPE 170

- Version control required for this class
 - Used to distribute boilerplate code for labs
 - Used to turn in assignments when finished

Version Control in ECPE 170

- If you only do <u>one</u> check-in at the very end of your project, you've <u>missed the whole</u> <u>point</u> of version control, and turned a valuable tool into an obstacle to completing the assignment
- Check-in code on a regular basis!